

Exhibit “K”

Marsha Levick

Juvenile Law Center

Marsha Levick co-founded Juvenile Law Center in 1975. Juvenile Law center is the nation's oldest public interest law firm for children. She currently serves as Deputy Director and Chief Counsel. Throughout her legal career, Levick has been an advocate for children's and women's rights and is a nationally recognized expert in juvenile law. Levick oversees Juvenile Law Center's litigation and appellate docket. She has successfully litigated challenges to unlawful and harmful laws, policies and practices on behalf of children in both the juvenile justice and child welfare systems. Levick led the Juvenile Law Center team that first exposed systemic and pervasive violations of children's constitutional rights in Luzerne County – work which led to the exposure of the “kids for cash” scandal, the largest judicial corruption scandal in the history of the American legal system. Juvenile Law Center successfully sought the expungement and vacatur of thousands of juveniles' cases before the Pennsylvania Supreme Court, and is pursuing civil damages for the children and their families in a federal civil rights class action.

Recent civil rights cases Levick has co-counseled on behalf of children include:

A M. v Luzerne County, Case No. 03-3075 372 F.3d 572 (3d Cir. 2004) (a federal civil rights against the Luzerne County Juvenile Detention Center and several of its administrators and staff, alleging they violated the substantive due process rights of a 13-year-old boy with serious mental health problems by failing to protect him from harm while he was detained at the detention center. The suit alleged that the defendants failed to protect him from assaults by other residents in the facility and failed to provide him with proper medical and mental health care. The District Court in the Middle District of Pennsylvania ruled in favor of the defendants' motion for summary judgment and dismissed the suit. The Third Circuit reversed, finding that the plaintiff raised serious issues and that a county can be liable for deficient hiring and staffing policies and practices; lack of an adequate training program for the detention center's staff in critical areas such as de-escalating conflicts between youth and managing youth behavior generally; lack of established protocols to ensure youth safety; and lack of established policies to address the mental and physical health needs of its residents.

Brian B. v. Pennsylvania Department of Education, Case No. 99-1576, 230 F.3d 582 (3d Cir. 2000) (civil rights class action lawsuit on behalf of school-age pre-trial and convicted offenders detained or incarcerated in Pennsylvania's 73 adult county prisons and jails to enforce their rights to basic and special education under state and federal law. Juvenile Law Center and the Pennsylvania Department of Education entered into a separate settlement agreement to resolve the claims of the incarcerated students with special education needs. Pursuant to this agreement, the State issued a policy bulletin outlining the educational obligations of school districts to pre-trial youth and youth eligible for special education. With respect to the rights of convicted school-age offenders to basic education within the county jails, the District rejected plaintiffs' equal protection challenge. A divided panel of the Third Circuit affirmed.)

Anderson v. Houstoun, Case No. CV-04148-BWK (M.D. Pa. 2000) (class action lawsuit challenging state and county officials' failure to pay kinship caregivers for their care of

dependent children. The suit sought declaratory and injunctive relief to ensure that state practices were in line with legal requirements. A March 2005 settlement paved the way for relatives caring for their grandchildren, nieces, nephews or other related children to receive financial help from the state.

Troy D. v. Mickens et al., Case No. 1:10-cv-02902-JEI –AMD (D. N.J. 2010) (a federal civil rights lawsuit on behalf of two individual plaintiffs against New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission officials as well as other state officials. Plaintiffs claim that their substantive and procedural due process rights under the United States and New Jersey Constitutions were violated, and also challenge certain New Jersey administrative regulations that allow indefinite isolation for youth with serious mental health needs as well as disciplinary isolation without appropriate due process protections.)

Levick has also authored or co-authored numerous appellate and amicus briefs in state and federal appeals courts throughout the country, including many before the US Supreme Court, and has argued before both state and federal appellate courts in Pennsylvania and numerous other jurisdictions. Levick co-authored the lead child advocates' amicus briefs in *Roper v. Simmons*, where the U. S. Supreme Court struck the juvenile death penalty under the Eighth Amendment; *Graham v. Florida*, where the U. S. Supreme Court struck life without parole sentences for juveniles convicted of non-homicide offenses under the Eighth Amendment; and *J.D.B. v North Carolina*, where the U.S. Supreme Court ruled for the first time that a juvenile's age is relevant to the Miranda custody analysis under the Fifth Amendment. Levick is a frequent speaker and lecturer on children's rights nationwide, and has also co-authored numerous scholarly articles on children's rights, including zero tolerance policies, girls in the juvenile justice system, juveniles' right to effective counsel; the emergence of a juvenile Eighth Amendment standard; and the emergence of a 'reasonable juvenile' standard in criminal law.

Recent publications include:

Marsha Levick, *J.D.B. v. North Carolina: The U.S. Supreme Court Heralds The Emergence of the 'Reasonable Juvenile' in American Criminal Law*, **The Criminal Law Reporter**, 89 CrL 753, 08/24/2011.

Marsha Levick, *Kids Really are Different: Looking Past Graham v. Florida*, **Criminal Law Reporter**, Vol. 87, No. 14, 2010.

Marsha Levick and Kristina Moon, *Prosecuting Sexting as Child Pornography: A Critique*, **Valparaiso University Law Review**, Volume 44, No. 4, Summer 2010.

Jessica Feierman, Marsha Levick, and Ami Mody, *The School to Prison Pipeline...and Back: Obstacles and Remedies for the Re-Enrollment of Adjudicated Youth*, **New York Law School Law Review**, Vol. 54, No. 4, 2009/10.

Marsha Levick and Robert G. Schwartz, *Changing The Narrative: Convincing Courts To Distinguish Between Misbehavior And Criminal Conduct In School Referral Cases*, **University of the District of Columbia Law Review**, Vol. 9, No. 1, Winter 2007.

Marsha Levick and Neha Desai, *Still Waiting: The Elusive Quest to Ensure Juveniles a Constitutional Right to Counsel at All Stages of the Juvenile Court Process*, **Rutgers Law Review**, Vol. 60, No. 1, Fall 2007.

Nina W. Chernoff and Marsha Levick, *Beyond the Death Penalty: Implications of Adolescent Development Research for the Prosecution, Defense, and Sanctioning of Youthful Offenders*, **Clearinghouse Review: Journal of Poverty Law and Policy**, July 2005

Marsha Levick and Francine T. Sherman, *When Individual Differences Demand Equal Treatment: An Equal Rights Approach TO the Special Needs of Girls in the Juvenile Justice System*, **Wisconsin Women's Law Journal**, Vol. 18, No. 1, Spring 2003.

Levick serves on the boards of the Juvenile Justice Project of Louisiana; Southern Poverty Law Center; the advisory board of Rutgers-Camden Law School's Juvenile Justice Clinic; and the advisory board of Bureau of National Affairs Criminal Law Reporter. Levick has received numerous awards for her work, including:

- Temple University's Women's Law Caucus Professional Achievement Award (2006)
- Pennsylvania Bar Association Child Advocate of the Year Award (2008)
- Foundation for the Improvement of Justice Award (2009)
- Philadelphia Bar Association's Andrew Hamilton Award (2009)
- Philadelphia Inquirer Citizen of the Year (2009) (co-recipient)
- American Association for Justice Leonard Weinglass Award (2010)
- American Bar Association Livingston Hall Award (2010)
- Rutgers-Camden Black Law Student Association Champion of Justice Award (2010)
- The Legal Intelligencer, Women of Distinction (2010)
- Clifford Scott Green Bill of Rights Award, Federal Bar Association, Philadelphia Criminal Justice Section (2010) (co-recipient)
- Good Shepherd Mediation Program Shepherd of Peace Award (2010)
- Philadelphia Bar Association, Criminal Justice Section Thurgood Marshall Award (2011) (Co-recipient)
- Friends Select School, Distinguished Alumnae Award (2011)

Levick is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and Temple University Law School. Levick is currently an adjunct faculty member at both the University of Pennsylvania Law School and Temple University Beasley School of law.